WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2020 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 130

SENATORS TRUMP, IHLENFELD, AND FACEMIRE, original

sponsors

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;

reported on February 18, 2020]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §17C-5-2, §17C-5-2a, §17C-5-2b, §17C-5-4, §17C-5-7, and 2 §17C-5-12 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend said code by adding 3 thereto a new section, designated §17C-5-7a; to amend and reenact §17C-5A-1, 4 §17C-5A-1a, and §17C-5A-3 of said code: to amend said code by adding thereto a new 5 section, designated §17C-5A-2b; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new 6 section, designated §17C-5C-1a, all relating generally to the procedures for revocation or 7 suspension of a person's license to operate a motor vehicle for offenses involving driving 8 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs; defining terms; transferring 9 authority for hearing certain matters related to revocations or suspensions of licenses from 10 the Office of Administrative Hearings to the courts; establishing mandatory license 11 revocation or suspension periods for individuals convicted of certain offenses; authorizing 12 alternate revocation or suspension periods conditioned upon participation in Motor Vehicle 13 Alcohol Test and Lock Program for certain offenses; establishing mandatory license revocation or suspension periods for individuals upon second and subsequent convictions 14 15 for certain offenses; clarifying what constitutes a second or subsequent offense for 16 purposes of criminal penalties and license revocations and suspensions; clarifying that 17 certain offenses involving driving under the influence take place only when the operator is 18 upon a public highway or private road; clarifying the term "in this state" for purposes of 19 enforcement of certain serious traffic crimes: requiring the Commissioner of the Division 20 of Motor Vehicles to revoke a person's license upon conviction of certain offenses or for 21 refusal to submit to a secondary chemical test in certain circumstances; requiring 22 individuals whose licenses have been revoked or suspended upon conviction of certain 23 offenses to complete the comprehensive safety and treatment program before the license 24 can be reinstated; requiring driver consent to participation in Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test 25 and Lock Program; requiring deferral program for certain first offenses to be completed

26 within one year; prohibiting a secondary test of blood without consent absent issuance of 27 a search warrant; requiring that a person arrested for driving under the influence be 28 provided with certain verbal and written warnings prior to submitting to a secondary 29 chemical test; requiring an officer to 15 minutes before a refusal to submit to a secondary 30 chemical test is considered final; requiring that, following an individual's refusal to submit 31 to a secondary chemical test, an arresting officer submit a sworn statement containing 32 certain information to Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the court: 33 providing for a hearing before the court to contest a documented refusal to submit to a 34 secondary chemical test; providing minimum license revocation periods for refusal to 35 submit to a secondary chemical test; directing the Bureau for Public Health to make reports 36 and recommendations on the levels of drugs and controlled substances to be used as 37 evidence in certain criminal proceedings; limiting the administrative jurisdiction of Division 38 of Motor Vehicles and Office of Administrative Hearings to offenses occurring on or before June 30, 2020; eliminating all statutory provisions authorizing or requiring the 39 40 Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles to take administrative action upon an 41 individual's license on the basis of driving under the influence or refusal to submit to a 42 secondary test absent direction from court; requiring the Commissioner of the Division of 43 Motor Vehicles to provide certain records to the court following a person's arrest; providing 44 a procedure to correct a license revocation or suspension based on mistaken driver 45 identity; providing that a plea of no contest constitutes a conviction; requiring the clerk of 46 the court to transmit a copy of an order related to revoking or suspending a person's 47 license to the Division of Motor Vehicles; directing that a copy of a license revocation or 48 suspension order to be sent to the person whose license is being revoked or suspended 49 by certified mail: providing that revocation for refusal to submit to secondary chemical test 50 run concurrently with other revocation or suspension imposed as a result of an offense

51 that led to the arrest; making persons convicted of driving under the influence eligible for participation in comprehensive safety and treatment program and related reductions in 52 53 length of revocation for successful completion thereof; requiring the Office of 54 Administrative Hearings to dispose of all matters pending before it by a certain date; 55 establishing a timeline for jurisdiction of matters currently filed in the Office of Administrative Hearings to transfer to the courts; requiring that matters related to license 56 57 suspension or revocation for driving under the influence, pending before the Office of 58 Administrative Hearings on its termination, be dismissed; requiring that matters not related 59 to license suspension or revocation for driving under the influence, pending before the 60 Office of Administrative Hearings on its termination, be transferred to a circuit court 61 according to certain procedures; terminating the Office of Administrative Hearings by a 62 certain date; eliminating obsolete language; providing internal effective dates; and making 63 technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 5. SERIOUS TRAFFIC OFFENSES.

§17C-5-2. Driving under influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs; penalties.

1	(a) Definitions. —
2	(1) "Impaired state" means a person:
3	(A) Is under the influence of alcohol;
4	(B) Is under the influence of any controlled substance;
5	(C) Is under the influence of any other drug or inhalant substance;
6	(D) Is under the combined influence of alcohol and any controlled substance or any other
7	drug; or
8	(E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight hundredths of one percent or
9	more, by weight.

10 (2) "Bodily injury" means injury that causes substantial physical pain, illness, or any11 impairment of physical condition.

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(3) "Controlled substance" has the meaning provided in §60A-1-101 of this code.

(3) (4) "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death,
 that causes serious or prolonged disfigurement, prolonged impairment of health, or prolonged
 loss or impairment of the function of any bodily organ.

(5) "Test and lock program" means the Motor Vehicle Test and Lock Program, established
 in §17C-5A-3a and administered by the Division of Motor Vehicles.

18 (b) Any person who drives a vehicle in this state while he or she is in an impaired state. 19 and such impaired state proximately causes the death of any person, is guilty of a felony and, 20 upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than three 21 nor more than 15 years and shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000, and shall 22 have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a period of 10 years or for a period of time conditioned on participation in 23 24 the test and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code: Provided, That any death 25 charged under this subsection must occur within one year of the offense: Provided, however, That if the person has previously been convicted under this section, the person shall have his or her 26 27 license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles 28 for life or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in 29 accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code.

30 (c) Any person who drives a vehicle in this state while he or she is in an impaired state,
31 and such impaired state proximately causes serious bodily injury to any person other than himself
32 or herself, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state
33 correctional facility for not less than two nor more than 10 years and shall be fined not less than
34 \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000, and shall have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked

35 by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a period of five years or for a period of 36 time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of 37 this code: *Provided*, That if the person has previously been convicted under this section, the 38 person shall have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of 39 the Division of Motor Vehicles for life or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test 40 and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code.

41 (d) Any person who drives a vehicle in this state while he or she is in an impaired state. 42 and such impaired state proximately causes a bodily injury to any person other than himself or 43 herself, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not 44 less than one day nor more than one year and shall be fined not less than \$200 nor more than 45 \$1,000, and shall have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a period of two years or for a period of time conditioned on 46 47 participation in the test and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code: Provided, That if the person has previously been convicted under this section, the person shall have his or 48 49 her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor 50 Vehicles for life or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in 51 accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code. Provided. That such Any jail term imposed pursuant to 52 this subsection shall include actual confinement of not less than 24 hours: Provided, however, 53 That a person sentenced pursuant to this subsection shall receive credit for any period of actual 54 confinement he or she served upon arrest for the subject offense.

(e) Any person who drives a vehicle <u>on any public highway or private road</u> in this state: (i)
(1) while he or she is in an impaired state; or (ii) (2) while he or she is in an impaired state but has
an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of less than fifteen hundredths of one percent, by
weight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall may be confined in jail for
up to six months and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, and shall have his or

60 <u>her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor</u> 61 <u>Vehicles for a period of six months or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test</u> 62 <u>and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code:</u> *Provided*, That a person sentenced 63 pursuant to this subsection shall receive credit for any period of actual confinement he or she 64 served upon arrest for the subject offense.

(f) Any person who drives a vehicle on any public highway or private road in this state 65 while he or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of fifteen hundredths of one 66 67 percent or more, by weight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 68 confined in jail for not less than two days nor more than six months, which jail term is to include 69 actual confinement of not less than 24 hours, and shall be fined not less than \$200 nor more than 70 \$1,000, and shall have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner 71 of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a period of one year or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code. A person 72 sentenced pursuant to this subdivision subsection shall receive credit for any period of actual 73 74 confinement he or she served upon arrest for the subject offense.

75 (g) Any person who, being a habitual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamines, or any 76 derivative thereof, drives a vehicle on any public highway or private road in this state is guilty of 77 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than one day 78 nor more than six months, which jail term is to include actual confinement of not less than 24 79 hours, and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, and shall have his or her license 80 to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a 81 period of six months. A person sentenced pursuant to this subdivision subsection shall receive 82 credit for any period of actual confinement he or she served upon arrest for the subject offense. 83 (h) Any person who knowingly permits his or her vehicle to be driven on any public highway 84 or private road in this state by any other person who is in an impaired state is guilty of a

misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not more than six months
and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, <u>and shall have his or her license to</u>
<u>operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a</u>
<u>period of six months or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock</u>
<u>program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code.</u>

(i) Any person who knowingly permits his or her vehicle to be driven <u>on any public highway</u>
<u>or private road</u> in this state by any other person who is a habitual user of narcotic drugs or
amphetamines, or any derivative thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,
shall be confined in jail for not more than six months and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor
more than \$500, <u>and shall have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the</u>
Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a period of six months.

96 (i) (1) Any person under the age of 21 years who drives a vehicle on any public highway 97 or private road in this state while he or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two 98 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by 99 weight, for a first offense under this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 100 thereof, shall be fined not less than \$25 nor more than \$100, and have his or her license to operate 101 a motor vehicle suspended by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a period of 102 60 days or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in 103 accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code. For a second or subsequent offense under this 104 subsection, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined 105 in jail for 24 hours and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, and shall have his 106 or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor 107 Vehicles for a period of one year or until the person's 21st birthday, whichever period is longer, 108 or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in accordance with 109 §17C-5A-3a of this code. A person who is charged with a first offense under the provisions of this

subsection may move for a continuance of the proceedings, from time to time, to allow the person to participate in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol test and lock program as provided in §17C-5A-3a of this code. Upon successful completion of the program, the court shall dismiss the charge against the person and expunge the person's record as it relates to the alleged offense. In the event the person fails to successfully complete the program, the court shall proceed to an adjudication of the alleged offense. A motion for a continuance under this subsection may not be construed as an admission or be used as evidence.

117 (2) (A) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person shall have his or her

118 license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked for a minimum period of one year or for

119 a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in accordance with

- 120 §17C-5A-3a of this code, if the person:
- (i) Has previously been convicted under this subsection and is subsequently convicted of
 an offense under another subsection of this section; or
- 123 (ii) Is convicted under this subsection and has previously been convicted of an offense
- 124 <u>under another subsection of this section.</u>
- (B) Nothing in this subdivision permits a shorter period of license revocation, license
 suspension, or participation in the test and lock program than is mandatory for the specific offense
 for which the person is convicted.
- (3) A person arrested and charged with an offense under the provisions of this subsection
 or subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of this section may not also be charged with an
 offense under this subsection arising out of the same transaction or occurrence.
- (k) Any person who drives a vehicle <u>on any public highway or private road</u> in this state while he or she is in an impaired state and has within the vehicle one or more other persons who are unemancipated minors who have not yet reached their 16th birthday is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than two days nor

more than 12 months, and shall be fined not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000, and shall have
his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor
Vehicles for a period of one year or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the test and
lock program in accordance with \$17C-5A-3a of this code: *Provided,* That such jail term shall
include actual confinement of not less than 48 hours: *Provided, however,* That a person
sentenced pursuant to this subdivision subsection shall receive credit for any period of actual
confinement he or she served upon arrest for the subject offense.

142 (I) A person violating any provision of subsection (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (j) of convicted of 143 an offense under this section, for the second offense who has previously been convicted of any 144 offense under this section on one occasion, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 145 thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than six months nor more than one year, and the court 146 may, in its discretion, impose a fine of may be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000, 147 and shall have his or her license to operate a motor vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the 148 Division of Motor Vehicles for 10 years or for a period of time conditioned on participation in the 149 test and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of this code: Provided, That if the second 150 conviction is for an offense as described in subsections (b), (c), or (d) of this section and the 151 subsection creating the offense requires a period of incarceration, period of license revocation, or 152 fine that is greater than what is required for a conviction under this subsection, the greater period 153 of incarceration, period of revocation, or fine shall be imposed: Provided, however, That this 154 section does not apply to a second conviction that is subject to a period of license revocation 155 under subsection (j) of this section. 156 (m) A person violating any provision of subsection (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of convicted 157 of an offense under this section, for the third or any subsequent offense under this section who

158 has previously been convicted of any offense under this section on two or more occasions, is

159 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state correctional facility

160 for not less than two nor more than five years, shall have his or her license to operate a motor 161 vehicle revoked by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles for life or for a period of 162 time conditioned on participation in the test and lock program in accordance with §17C-5A-3a of 163 this code, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine of not less than \$3,000 nor more than 164 \$5,000: Provided, That if the third or subsequent conviction is for an offense as described in 165 subsections (b), (c), or (d) of this section and the subsection creating the offense requires a period of incarceration, period of license revocation, or fine that is greater than what is required for a 166 167 conviction under this subsection, the greater period of incarceration, period of revocation, and fine shall be imposed: Provided, however. That this section does not apply to a third or subsequent 168 169 conviction that is subject to a period of license revocation under subsection (j) of this section. 170 (n) For purposes of subsections (I) and (m) of this section relating to second, third, and 171 subsequent offenses, the following events shall be regarded as offenses and convictions under 172 this section: 173 (1) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h), or (i) 174 of this section, or under a prior enactment of this section, for an offense which occurred within the

175 10-year period immediately preceding the date of arrest in the current proceeding;

(2) Any conviction under a municipal ordinance of this state or any other state or a statute
of the United States or of any other state of an offense which has the same elements as an offense
described in subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i) of this section, which offense occurred
within the 10-year period immediately preceding the date of arrest in the current proceeding; and
(3) Any period of conditional probation imposed pursuant to §17C-5-2b of this code for
violation of subsection (e) of this section, which violation occurred within the 10-year period

(o) A person may be charged in a warrant, or information for a second or
subsequent offense, under this section <u>as described in subsection (j), (l), or (m) of this section,</u> if

185 the person has been previously arrested for, or charged with, a violation of this section which is 186 alleged to have occurred within the applicable time period for prior offenses, notwithstanding the 187 fact that there has not been a final adjudication of the charges for the alleged previous offense. 188 In that case, the warrant or indictment or information must set forth the date, location, and 189 particulars of the previous offense or offenses. No person may be convicted of a second or 190 subsequent offense under this section unless the conviction for the previous offense has become 191 final, or the person has previously had a period of conditional probation imposed pursuant to 192 §17C-5-2b of this code.

(p) The fact that any person charged with a violation of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or
(g) of this section, or any person permitted to drive as described under subsection (h) or (i) of this
section, is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, a controlled substance, or a drug does not
constitute a defense against any charge of violating subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), or (i)
of this section.

198 (q) For purposes of this section, the term "controlled substance" has the meaning ascribed
199 to it in §60A-1-101 *et seq.* of this code.

200 (r) (q) The sentences provided in this section upon conviction for a violation of this article 201 are mandatory and are not subject to suspension or probation: *Provided*. That the court may apply 202 the provisions of §62-11A-1 et seq. of this code to a person sentenced or committed to a term of 203 one year or less for a first offense under this section: *Provided, however*. That the court may 204 impose a term of conditional probation pursuant to §17C-5-2b of this code to persons adjudicated 205 thereunder. An order for home detention by the court pursuant to the provisions of §62-11B-1 et 206 seq. of this code may be used as an alternative sentence to any period of incarceration required 207 by this section for a first or subsequent offense: Provided further, That for any period of home 208 incarceration ordered for a person convicted of a second offense under this section, electronic 209 monitoring shall be required for no fewer than five days of the total period of home confinement

ordered and the offender may not leave home for those five days notwithstanding the provisions of §62-11B-5 of this code: *And provided further*, That for any period of home incarceration ordered for a person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this section, electronic monitoring shall be included for no fewer than 10 days of the total period of home confinement ordered and the offender may not leave home for those 10 days notwithstanding §62-11B-5 of this code.

- (s) As used in subsections (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j) of this section, the words "drives a
 vehicle in this state" do not mean or include driving or operating a vehicle solely and exclusively
 on one's own property.
- 218 (r) A person whose license to operate a motor vehicle has been revoked or suspended by

219 the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to this section must complete a

220 comprehensive safety and treatment program as set forth in §17C-5A-3 of this code before his or

221 her license to operate a motor vehicle can be reinstated and his or her driving privileges restored.

222 (s) For any offense for which an alternative revocation period is permitted conditioned

- 223 upon participation in the test and lock program, an alternative sentence may not be imposed
- 224 without the consent of the driver.
- (t) Upon entering the order of conviction for an offense under this section, or the imposition
 of conditional probation as provided in §17C-5-2b of this code, the clerk of the court shall
- 227 immediately transmit the order to the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
- (u) The amendments made to this section during the 2020 regular session of the
 Legislature shall become effective on July 1, 2020.

§17C-5-2a. Definition of phrase "in this state"; phrases synonymous with driving under the influence of alcohol; validation of warrants and indictments.

(a) For purposes of this article and §17C-5A-1 *et seq.* of this code, the phrase "in this
 state" shall mean anywhere within the physical boundaries of this state, including, but not limited
 to, publicly maintained streets and highways, and subdivision streets or other areas not publicly

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maintained but nonetheless open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel, <u>but as</u>
<u>used in §17C-5-2(e), §17C-5-2(f), §17C-5-2(g), §17C-5-2(h), §17C-5-2(i), and §17C-5-2(j) of this</u>
<u>code, the term does not mean or include driving or operating a vehicle solely and exclusively on</u>

one's own property in an area not open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel.

8 (b) When used in this code, the terms or phrases "driving under the influence of 9 intoxicating liquor", "driving or operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated", "for any person who 10 is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to drive any vehicle", or any similar term or phrase 11 shall be construed to mean and be synonymous with the term or phrase "while under the influence 12 of alcohol ... drives a vehicle" as the latter term or phrase is used in §17C-5-2 of this code.

(c) From and after the effective date of this section, a warrant or indictment which charges
or alleges an offense, prohibited by §17C-5-2 of this code, and which warrant or indictment uses
any of the terms or phrases set forth in subsection (b) of this section, shall not thereby be fatally
defective if such warrant or indictment otherwise informs the person so accused of the charges
aqainst him said person.

§17C-5-2b. Deferral of further proceedings for certain first offenses upon condition of participation in Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program; procedure on charge of violation of conditions.

(a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (g) (f) of this section, the court, without entering
 a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the accused, shall defer further proceedings and
 impose probation, when:

4 (A) The person pleads to or is found guilty of the offense defined in §17C-5-2(e) of this
5 code:

(B) whenever any <u>The</u> person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under
this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to driving under the
influence of alcohol, any controlled substance, or any other drug; <u>and</u>

- 9 (1) (C) The person notifies the court within 30 days of his or her arrest of his or her intention
 10 to participate in a deferral pursuant to this section. and
- (2) pleads guilty to or is found guilty of driving under the influence of alcohol under
 §17C-5-2(e) of this code

13 (2) If all the requirements in subdivision (1) of this subsection are met, the court, without 14 entering a judgment of guilt, and with the consent of the accused shall defer further proceedings 15 and notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary place him or her the person on 16 probation, the conditions of which conditions shall include that he or she successfully completes 17 the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program as provided in §17C-5A-3a of this code. 18 Participation therein shall be for a period of at least 165 days after he or she has served the 15 19 days of license suspension imposed pursuant to in §17C-5A-2 of this code after a 15-day 20 suspension of his or her license to operate a motor vehicle and shall be completed within one 21 year thereafter.

(b) A defendant's election to participate in deferral under this section shall constitute a
 waiver of his or her right to an administrative hearing as provided in section two, article five-a of
 this chapter

(c) (b) (1) If the prosecuting attorney files a motion alleging that the defendant during the
period of the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program has been removed therefrom by the
Division of Motor Vehicles, or has failed to successfully complete the program before making a
motion for dismissal pursuant to subsection (d) (c) of this section, the court may issue such
process as is necessary to bring the defendant before the court.

30 (2) A motion alleging such <u>a</u> violation filed pursuant in subdivision (1) of this subsection
 31 must be filed during the period of the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program or, if filed
 32 thereafter, must be filed within a reasonable time after the alleged violation was committed.

33 (3) When the defendant is brought before the court, the court shall afford the defendant

an opportunity to be heard. If the court finds that the defendant has been rightfully removed from
the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program by the Division of Motor Vehicles, the court
may order, when appropriate, that the deferral be terminated, and thereupon enter an adjudication
of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided.

(4) Should the defendant fail to complete or be removed from the Motor Vehicle Alcohol
Test and Lock Program, the defendant waives the appropriate statute of limitations and the
defendant's right to a speedy trial under any applicable federal or state constitutional provisions,
statutes, or rules of court during the period of enrollment in the program.

42 (d) (c) When the defendant shall have completed satisfactorily the Motor Vehicle Alcohol 43 Test and Lock Program and complied with its conditions, the defendant may move the court for 44 an order dismissing the charges. This motion shall be supported by affidavit of the defendant and 45 by certification of the Division of Motor Vehicles that the defendant has successfully completed 46 the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program. A copy of the motion shall be served on the prosecuting attorney who shall within 30 days after service advise the judge of any objections to 47 48 the motion, serving a copy of such objections on the defendant or the defendant's attorney. If 49 there are no objections filed within the 30-day period, the court shall thereafter dismiss the 50 charges against the defendant. If there are objections filed with regard to the dismissal of charges, 51 the court shall proceed as set forth in subsection (c) (b) of this section.

52 (e) (d) Except as provided herein, unless a defendant adjudicated pursuant to this 53 subsection be is convicted of a subsequent violation of this article, discharge and dismissal under 54 this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of 55 disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime, except for those 56 provided in §17C-5A-1 *et seq.* of this code. Except as provided in §17C-5-2(k) through 57 §17C-5-2(n) §17C-5-2 of this code regarding subsequent offenses, the effect of the dismissal and 58 discharge shall be to restore the person in contemplation of law to the status he or she occupied

prior to arrest and trial. No person as to whom a dismissal and discharge have been effected shall be thereafter held to be guilty of perjury, false swearing, or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his or her failure to disclose or acknowledge his or her arrest or trial in response to any inquiry made of him or her for any purpose other than any inquiry made in connection with any subsequent offense as that term is defined provided in §17C-5-2(n) §17C-5-2 of this code.

64 (f) (e) There may be only one discharge and dismissal under this section with respect to
65 any person.

66 (f) No person shall be eligible for dismissal and discharge under this section: (1) In any 67 prosecution in which any violation of any other provision of this article has been charged; (2) if 68 the person holds a commercial driver's license or operates commercial motor vehicles; (3) if the 69 person has previously had his or her driver's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked under 70 \$17C-5-2a of this code or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to driving under the influence of alcohol, any controlled substance, or any other drug for any offense under 71 72 a municipal ordinance of this state or any other state or a statute of the United States or of any 73 other state which has the same elements as an offense described in this article; or (4) if a court 74 entered an order finding that the person refused the secondary chemical test pursuant to 75 §17C-5-7 pursuant to §17C-5-7a of this code.

(h) (g) (1) After a period of not less than one year, which shall begin to run immediately
upon the expiration of a term of probation imposed upon any person under this section, the person
may apply to the court for an order to expunge from all official records all recordations of his or
her arrest, trial, and conviction, pursuant to this section except for those maintained by the Division
of Motor Vehicles: *Provided*, That any person who has previously been convicted of a felony may
not make a motion for expungement pursuant to this section.

82 (2) If the prosecuting attorney objects to the expungement, the objections shall be filed83 with the court within 30 days after service of a motion for expungement, and copies of the

84 objections shall be served on the defendant or the defendant's attorney.

(3) If the objections are filed, the court shall hold a hearing on the objections, affording all
parties an opportunity to be heard. If the court determines after a hearing that the person during
the period of his or her probation and during the period of time prior to his or her application to
the court under this subsection has not been guilty of any serious or repeated violation of the
conditions of his or her probation, it shall order the expungement.

90 (i) (h) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, any A person prosecuted 91 for a violation of an offense under §17C-5-2(e) of this code, whose case is disposed of pursuant 92 to the provisions of this section, shall be liable for any shall be required to pay the amount of court 93 costs assessable that could be assessed against a person convicted of a violation of §17C-5-2(k) 94 of this code the offense. Payment of such costs may be made a condition of probation. The costs 95 assessed pursuant to this subsection, whether as a term of probation or not, shall be distributed 96 as other court costs in accordance with §50-3-2 of this code; §14-2A-4 of this code; §30-29-4 of 97 this code; and §62-5-2, §62-5-7, and §62-5-10 of this code.

98 (i) The amendments made to this section during the 2020 regular session of the
 99 Legislature shall become effective on July 1, 2020.

§17C-5-4. Implied consent to test; administration at direction of law-enforcement officer; designation of type of test; definition of "law-enforcement officer".

(a) Any person who drives a motor vehicle in this state is considered to have given his or
her consent by the operation of the motor vehicle to a preliminary breath analysis and a secondary
chemical test of either his or her blood or breath to determine the alcohol concentration in his or
her blood, or the concentration in the person's body of a controlled substance, drug, or any
combination thereof.

6 (b) A preliminary breath analysis may be administered in accordance with the provisions
7 of §17C-5-5 of this code whenever a law-enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe a

8 person has committed an offense prohibited by §17C-5-2 of this code or by an ordinance of a
9 municipality of this state which has the same elements as an offense described in §17C-5-2 of
10 this code.

11 (c) A secondary test of blood or breath is incidental to a lawful arrest and is to be 12 administered at the direction of the arresting law-enforcement officer having probable cause to 13 believe the person has committed an offense prohibited by §17C-5-2 of this code or by an 14 ordinance of a municipality of this state which has the same elements as an offense described in 15 said section: *Provided*, That absent written consent of the person, a secondary test of blood may 16 not be performed without issuance of a warrant signed by a magistrate or a circuit judge.

(d) The law-enforcement agency that employs the arresting law-enforcement officer shall
designate the secondary tests to be administered. Notwithstanding the §17C-5-7 §17C-5-7a of
this code, the refusal to submit to a blood test only may not result in the revocation of the arrested
person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state.

(e) Any person to whom a preliminary breath test is administered who is arrested shall be
advised verbally and given a written statement advising him or her that his or her refusal to submit
to the secondary chemical test pursuant to subsection (d) of this section will result in the
revocation of his or her license to operate a motor 'vehicle in this state for a period of at least
forty-five days and up to life of the following:

(1) That the person's refusal to submit to the secondary chemical test, designated
 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, will result in the revocation of his or her license to
 operate a motor vehicle for a period of at least 45 days and up to life;

29 (2) That, if a designated secondary chemical test is taken, the results of the test may be

30 used against him or her in court as evidence of violating §17C-5-2 of this code or an ordinance of

31 <u>a municipality of this state which has the same elements as an offense described in said section;</u>

32 <u>and</u>

33 (3) That, if the person first submits to the requested secondary chemical test, the person
 34 has the right to have a test or tests of his or her blood performed as provided in §17C-5-9 of this
 35 code.

36 (f) Any law-enforcement officer who has been properly trained in the administration of any 37 secondary chemical test authorized by this article, including, but not limited to, certification by the Bureau for Public Health in the operation of any equipment required for the collection and analysis 38 39 of a breath sample, may conduct the test at any location in the county wherein the arrest is made: 40 Provided. That the law-enforcement officer may conduct the test at the nearest available properly 41 functioning secondary chemical testing device located outside the county in which the arrest was 42 made, if: (i) (1) There is no properly functioning secondary chemical testing device located within 43 the county the arrest was made; or (ii) (2) there is no magistrate available within the county the 44 arrest was made for the arraignment of the person arrested. A law-enforcement officer who is 45 directing that a secondary chemical test be conducted has the authority to transport the person 46 arrested to where the secondary chemical testing device is located.

(g) If the arresting officer lacks proper training in the administration of a secondary chemical test, then any other law-enforcement officer who has received training in the administration of the secondary chemical test to be administered may, upon the request of the arresting law-enforcement officer and in his or her presence, conduct the secondary test. The results of a test conducted pursuant to this subsection may be used in evidence to the same extent and in the same manner as if the test had been conducted by the arresting law-enforcement officer.

(h) Only the person actually administering or conducting a test conducted pursuant to this
article is competent to testify as to the results and the veracity of the test.

56 (I) (i) (1) For the purpose of this article, the term "law-enforcement officer" or "police officer"
 57 means: (A) Any member of the West Virginia State Police; (B) any sheriff and any deputy sheriff

of any county; (C) any member of a police department in any municipality as defined in §8-1-2 of
this code; (D) any Natural Resources police officer of the Division of Natural Resources; and (E)
any special police officer appointed by the Governor pursuant to the provisions of §61-3-41 of this
code who has completed the course of instruction at a law-enforcement training academy as
provided for under the provisions of §30-29-9 of this code.

(2) In addition to standards promulgated by the Governor's Committee on Crime,
Delinquency, and Correction, pursuant to §30-29-3 of this code, governing the qualification of
law-enforcement officers and the entry-level law-enforcement training curricula, the Governor's
Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction shall require the satisfactory completion of a
minimum of not less than six hours of training in the recognition of impairment in drivers who are
under the influence of controlled substances or drugs other than alcohol.

(3) In addition to standards promulgated by the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction, pursuant to §30-29-3 of this code, establishing standards governing in-service law-enforcement officer training curricula and in-service supervisory level training curricula, the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction shall require the satisfactory completion of a minimum of not less than six hours of training in the recognition of impairment in drivers who are under the influence of controlled substances or drugs other than alcohol.

(4) That after December 31, 2014 A law-enforcement officer who has not satisfactorily
completed the minimum number of hours of training in the recognition of impairment in drivers
who are under the influence of controlled substances or drugs other than alcohol, required by
subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, may no longer not require any person to submit to
secondary chemical test of his or her blood for the purposes of determining the concentration in
the person's body of a controlled substance, drug, or any combination thereof.

82 (j) A law-enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a person has

committed an offense prohibited by §20-7-18 of this code, relating to the operation of a motorboat, jet ski, or other motorized vessel, shall follow the provisions of this section in when administering, or causing to be administered, a preliminary breath analysis and, incidental to a lawful arrest, a secondary chemical test of the accused person's blood or breath to determine the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, or the concentration in the person's body of a controlled substance, drug, or any combination thereof.

§17C-5-7. Refusal to submit to tests; revocation of license or privilege; consent not withdrawn if person arrested is incapable of refusal; hearing.

(a) If any person under arrest, as specified in §17C-5-4 of this code, refuses to submit to
 any <u>a</u> secondary chemical test, the tests test shall not be given. *Provided*, That

3 (b) Prior to the refusal Upon requesting that a person submit to the secondary test, 4 designated pursuant to §17C-5-4 of this code, the person is shall be given an oral warning and a written statement advising him or her that his or her refusal to submit to the secondary test finally 5 6 designated will result in the revocation of his or her license to operate a motor vehicle in this state 7 for a period of at least 45 days and up to life the written and verbal warnings set forth in 8 §17C-5-4(e) of this code. After 15 minutes following the warnings the refusal is considered final. 9 After the person under arrest is given the required written and verbal warnings, the person shall 10 have the opportunity to submit to, or refuse to submit to, the secondary test. A refusal to submit 11 to the secondary test is considered final after 15 minutes have passed since the refusal: Provided. 12 That during the 15 minutes following the refusal, the arresting officers shall permit the person 13 under arrest to revoke his or her refusal and shall provide the person with the opportunity to submit 14 to the test upon request. After the 15 minutes have passed following a refusal to submit to the 15 secondary test, the arresting officer after that period of time expires has no further duty to provide 16 the person with an opportunity to take the secondary test.

17 (c) The officer shall, within 48 hours of the refusal, sign and submit to the Commissioner

18 of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the court having jurisdiction over the charge filed against the person pursuant to \$17C-5-2 of this code, a written statement of the officer that: (1) He or she 19 20 had probable cause to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in this state while 21 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs; (2) the person was lawfully placed 22 under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence 23 of alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs; (3) the person refused to submit to the secondary 24 chemical test finally designated in the manner provided in §17C-5-4 of this code; and (4) the 25 person was given a the verbal warnings and the written statement advising him or her that 26 required by subsection (b) of this section and §17C-5-4 of this code. his or her license to operate 27 a motor vehicle in this state would be revoked for a period of at least forty-five days and up to life 28 if he or she refused to submit to the secondary test finally designated in the manner provided in 29 section four of this article. The An officer, by signing of the statement required to be signed by 30 this section constitutes subsection, makes an oath or affirmation by the person signing the 31 statement that the statements information contained in the statement are is true and that any copy 32 filed of the statement that he or she files is a true copy. The form for the written statement required 33 by this section shall contain, upon its face, a warning to the officer signing that to willfully sign a 34 statement containing false information concerning any matter or thing, material or not material, is 35 false swearing and is a misdemeanor. Upon receiving the statement the commissioner shall make 36 and enter an order revoking the person-s license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for the 37 period prescribed by this section

38 For the first refusal to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, the commissioner 39 shall make and enter an order revoking the person=s license to operate a motor vehicle in this 40 state for a period of one year or forty-five days, with an additional one year of participation in the 41 Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program in accordance with the provisions of section 42 three-a, article five-a of this chapter: *Provided*, That a person revoked for driving while under the

43 influence of drugs is not eligible to participate in the Motor Vehicle Test and Lock Program. The 44 application for participation in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program shall be 45 considered to be a waiver of the hearing provided in section two of said article. If the person=s 46 license has previously been revoked under the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall, 47 for the refusal to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, make and enter an order 48 revoking the person-s license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period of ten years: 49 Provided, however, That the license may be reissued in five years in accordance with the 50 provisions of section three, article five-a of this chapter. If the person=s license has previously 51 been revoked more than once under the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall, for the 52 refusal to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, make and enter an order revoking 53 the person=s license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period of life. A copy of each 54 order shall be forwarded to the person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, 55 and shall contain the reasons for the revocation and shall specify the revocation period imposed 56 pursuant to this section. A revocation shall not become effective until ten days after receipt of the 57 copy of the order

58 (d) Any person who is unconscious or who is otherwise in a condition rendering him or her 59 incapable of refusal shall be considered not to have withdrawn his or her consent for a test of his 60 or her blood or breath as provided in §17C-5-4 of this code and the test may be administered 61 although the person is not informed that his or her failure to submit to the test will result in the 62 revocation of his or her license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for the period provided for 63 in this section. A revocation under this section shall run concurrently with the period of any 64 suspension or revocation imposed in accordance with other provisions of this code and growing 65 out of the same incident which gave rise to the arrest for driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs and the subsequent refusal to undergo the 66 67 test finally designated in accordance with the provisions of section four of this article.

- (b) For the purposes of this section, where reference is made to previous suspensions or
 revocations under this section, the following types of suspensions or revocations shall also be
 regarded as suspensions or revocations under this section:
- (1) Any suspension or revocation on the basis of a conviction under a municipal ordinance
 of another state or a statute of the United States or of any other state of an offense which has the
 same elements as an offense described in section two of this article for conduct which occurred
 on or after June 10, 1983; and
- 75 (2) Any revocation under the provisions of section one or two, article five-a of this chapter
 76 for conduct which occurred on or after June 10, 1983.
- (c) A person whose license to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked shall
 be afforded an opportunity to be heard, in accordance with the provisions of section two, article
- 79 five-a of this chapter.
- 80 (d) The refusal to submit to a blood test may be admissible at the courts discretion in a
- 81 trial for the offense of driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol a
- 82 controlled substance or drug or the combination of alcohol and drugs.
- (e) The amendments made to this section during the 2020 regular session of the
 Legislature shall become effective on July 1, 2020.

<u>§17C-5-7a. Suspension of license to operate a motor vehicle for refusal of secondary test;</u> <u>refusal review hearing.</u>

- (a) For the purposes of this section, the term "refusal review hearing" refers to a hearing
 to review a person's alleged refusal to submit to a secondary chemical test, as documented in a
 statement submitted to the court by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to §17C-5-7 of this code.
 (b) Effective July 1, 2020, the court shall enter an order finding that a person charged with
 a violation of §17C-5-2 of this code did refuse to submit to a secondary chemical test, as required
- 6 by §17C-5-4 of this code, subject to the following:

7 (1) At the person's first appearance before the court, the court shall advise the person that his or her license to operate a motor vehicle shall be revoked for the applicable period provided 8 9 in subsection (e) of this section, unless the person requests a refusal review hearing within the 10 30 days following the first appearance; 11 (2) If the person does not request a refusal review hearing within 30 days following the 12 first appearance, the court shall enter an order finding that a person charged with a violation of 13 §17C-5-2 of this code did refuse to submit to a secondary chemical test; and 14 (3) If the person requests a refusal review hearing within 30 days following the first 15 appearance, the court shall conduct the review and enter the appropriate order, as provided in 16 subsection (c) of this section. 17 (c) Refusal review hearing. — 18 (1) The court shall schedule and conduct a refusal review hearing if the person, named in 19 a statement submitted to the court by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to §17C-5-7, requests 20 the hearing within 30 days following his or her first appearance before the court. During the refusal 21 review hearing, the court shall review the statement documenting the person's refusal to submit 22 to the secondary chemical test, along with any testimony or evidence presented by the person or 23 law-enforcement officer during the hearing. 24 (2) Based on the hearing, the court shall enter an order finding that the person did refuse 25 to submit to a secondary chemical test, if the court determines, by a preponderance of the 26 evidence, that: 27 (A) The arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had committed a violation of §17C-5-2 of this code; 28 29 (B) The law-enforcement officer requested the arrested person to submit to the chemical 30 test or tests designated pursuant to §17C-5-4 of this code; 31 (C) At the time the test was requested, the law-enforcement officer administered the

32	required written and verbal warnings required by §17C-5-4 and §17C-5-7 of this code; and
33	(D) The arrested person refused to submit to the chemical test or tests requested by the
34	law-enforcement officer.
35	(3) If the court determines, by a preponderance of the evidence, that one or more of the
36	required conditions listed in subdivision (2) of this subsection did not occur, the court shall enter
37	an order finding that the person did not refuse to submit to the secondary chemical test. If the
38	court enters such an order, the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles may not revoke
39	the person's license to operate a motor vehicle based on the alleged refusal to submit to a
40	secondary chemical test.
41	(d) The clerk of the court in which the charges are pending shall immediately transmit any
42	order entered pursuant to this section to the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
43	(e) Upon receipt of an order provided pursuant to this section finding that a person did
44	refuse to submit to a secondary chemical test, the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles
45	shall revoke the person's license to operate a motor vehicle as follows:
46	(1) For the first refusal to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, the
47	commissioner shall enter an order revoking the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this
48	state for a period of one year or for a period of 45 days, with an additional one year of participation
49	in the Motor Vehicle Alcohol Test and Lock Program in accordance with the provisions of
50	§17C-5A-3a of this code.
51	(2) If the person's license to operate a motor vehicle has previously been revoked under
52	the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall, for the refusal to submit to the designated
53	secondary chemical test, enter an order revoking the person's license to operate a motor vehicle
54	in this state for a period of 10 years: Provided, That the license may be reissued in five years in
55	accordance with the provisions of §17C-5A-3 of this code.
56	(3) If the person's license to operate a motor vehicle has previously been revoked more

- 57 than once under the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall, for the refusal to submit to
- 58 the designated secondary chemical test, enter an order revoking the person's license to operate

59 <u>a motor vehicle in this state for a period of life.</u>

- 60 (f) A copy of each order entered pursuant to this section shall be forwarded to the person
- 61 by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall contain the reasons for any
- 62 revocation and shall specify the revocation period imposed pursuant to this section.

63 (g) A revocation ordered pursuant to this section shall run concurrently with the period of

64 any suspension or revocation imposed in accordance with §17C-5A-2 of this code.

§17C-5-12. Report to the Legislature.

- On or before December 31, 2013 2020, the Bureau for Public Health shall submit to the
 Joint Committee on Government and Finance a report that includes the following:
- (1) Recommendations for the minimum levels of those drugs or controlled substances
 contained in §17C-5-8(d) of this code, that must be present in a person's blood in order for the
 test to be admitted as prima facie evidence that the person was under the influence of a controlled
 substance or drug in a prosecution for the offense of driving a motor vehicle in this state; and
- 7 (2) Recommendations for the minimum levels of those drugs or controlled substances
 8 contained in §17C-5-8(d) of this code, that laboratories approved to test blood for drug or
 9 controlled substance content can reliably identify and measure for the concentrations of drugs,
 10 controlled substances and their metabolites, in blood.

ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, OR DRUGS.

§17C-5A-1. Implied consent to administrative procedure; revocation Report to be submitted to commissioner following arrest for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs or refusal to submit to secondary chemical

test; report to the court.

1 (a) Any person who is licensed to operate a motor vehicle in this state and who drives a 2 motor vehicle in this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent by the operation 3 thereof, subject to the provisions of this article, to the procedure set forth in this article for the 4 determination of whether his or her license to operate a motor vehicle in this state should be 5 revoked because he or she did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, 6 controlled substances or drugs, or combined influence of alcohol or controlled substances or 7 drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 8 eight hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to any secondary 9 chemical test required under the provisions of article five of this chapter or did drive a motor 10 vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood 11 of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one 12 percent, by weight.

13 (b) (a) Any law-enforcement officer investigating a person for an offense described in 14 §17C-5-2 of this code, or for an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has the same 15 elements as an offense described in said section, shall report to the Commissioner of the Division 16 of Motor Vehicles by written statement within 48 hours of the conclusion of the investigation the 17 name and address of the person believed to have committed the offense. The report shall include 18 the specific offense with which the person is charged and, if applicable, a copy of the results of 19 any secondary tests of blood, breath, or urine. The signing of the statement required to be signed 20 by this subsection constitutes an oath or affirmation by the person signing the statement that the 21 statements contained in the statement are true and that any copy filed is a true copy. The 22 statement shall contain upon its face a warning to the officer signing that to willfully sign a

statement containing false information concerning any matter or thing, material or not material, is
false swearing and is a misdemeanor.

25 (c) If, upon examination of the written statement of the officer and the tests results 26 described in subsection (b) of this section, the commissioner determines that a person committed 27 an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter or an offense described in a 28 municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section and 29 that the results of any secondary test or tests indicate that at the time the test or tests were 30 administered the person had, in his or her blood, an alcohol concentration of eight hundredths of 31 one percent or more, by weight, or at the time the person committed the offense he or she was 32 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, the commissioner shall make and 33 enter an order revoking or suspending the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. 34 If the results of the tests indicate that at the time the test or tests were administered the person 35 was under the age of twenty-one years and had an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 36 two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, 37 by weight, the commissioner shall make and enter an order suspending the person's license to 38 operate a motor vehicle in this state. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the person by 39 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall contain the reasons for the 40 revocation or suspension and describe the applicable revocation or suspension periods provided 41 in section two of this article. A revocation or suspension shall not become effective until ten days 42 after receipt of a copy of the order.

43 (d) Any law-enforcement officer taking a child into custody under the provisions of section
44 six-a, article five of this chapter who has reasonable cause to believe that the child, at the time of
45 driving the motor vehicle, had an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of

one percent or more, by weight, or that the act of the child in driving the motor vehicle was such
that it would provide grounds for arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of section two
of said article if the child were an adult, shall report to the Commissioner of the Division of Motor
Vehicles by written statement within forty-eight hours the name and address of the child.

50 (e) If applicable, the report shall include a description of the specific offense with which 51 the child could have been charged if the child were an adult and a copy of the results of any 52 secondary tests of blood, breath or urine. The signing of the statement required to be signed by 53 this subsection constitutes an oath or affirmation by the person signing the statement that the 54 statements contained in the statement are true and that any copy filed is a true copy. The 55 statement shall contain upon its face a warning to the officer signing that to willfully sign a 56 statement containing false information concerning any matter or thing, material or not material, is 57 false swearing and is a misdemeanor.

58 (f) Upon examination of the written statement of the officer and any test results described 59 in subsection (d) of this section, if the commissioner determines that the results of the test indicate 60 that at the time the test or tests were administered the child had, in his or her blood, an alcohol 61 concentration of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but also determines that the 62 act of the child in driving the motor vehicle was not such that it would provide grounds for arrest 63 for an offense defined under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h), section 64 two, article five of this chapter if the child were an adult, the commissioner shall make and enter 65 an order suspending the child's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. If the commissioner 66 determines that the act of the child in driving the motor vehicle was such that it would provide 67 grounds for arrest for an offense defined under the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), 68 (f), (g) or (h), section two, article five of this chapter if the child were an adult, the commissioner

69 shall make and enter an order revoking the child's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. 70 A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the child by registered or certified mail, return receipt 71 requested, and shall contain the reasons for the suspension or revocation and describe the 72 applicable suspension or revocation periods provided for in section two of this article. A 73 suspension or revocation shall not become effective until ten days after receipt of a copy of the 74 order. 75 (b) After receiving the report required by subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner 76 of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall immediately submit, to the court with jurisdiction over the 77 criminal offense, a full and complete record of the following: 78 (1) Any prior suspensions or revocations of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle under §17C-5-2, §17C-5-2b, or §17C-5-7a of this code; or 79 80 (2) Any conviction or term of conditional probation imposed under a municipal ordinance 81 of this state or any other state or a statute of the United States or of any other state of an offense 82 which has the same elements as an offense described in §17C-5-2 of this code. 83 (c) The amendments made to this section during the 2020 regular session of the Legislature shall become effective on July 1, 2020. 84 §17C-5A-1a. Revocation upon conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, or drugs. 1 (a) If a person has a term of conditional probation imposed pursuant to §17C-5-2b of this 2 code, or is convicted for an offense defined in §17C-5-2 of this code, or for an offense described 3 in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section

- 4 because the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled
- 5 substances, or drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol, or controlled substances, or drugs, or

6	did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight
7	hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of
8	21 years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or
9	more, by weight, but less than eight hundredths of one percent, by weight, and if the person does
10	not act to appeal the conviction within the time periods described in subsection (b) of this section,
11	the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be revoked or suspended in
12	accordance with the provisions of this section.
13	(a) The Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall revoke or suspend a person's
14	license to operate a motor vehicle in any of the following circumstances:
15	(1) The person is convicted of an offense defined in §17C-5-2 of this code, which requires
16	a minimum period of revocation or suspension of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle,
17	and the person does not appeal the conviction;
18	(2) The person is convicted of an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has
19	the same elements as an offense defined in §17C-5-2 of this code, which requires a minimum
20	period of revocation or suspension of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle for the
21	offense with the same elements as the municipal ordinance, and the person does not appeal the
22	conviction:
23	(3) The person has a term of conditional probation imposed pursuant to §17C-5-2b of this
24	<u>code;</u>
25	(4) A court enters an order, pursuant to §17C-5-7a of this code, finding that the person did
26	refuse to submit to a secondary chemical test; or
27	(5) The person is convicted of an offense, as provided in subdivision (1) or (2) of this
28	subsection, the person appeals the conviction, and the conviction is affirmed by the highest

29

9 appellate court in which an appeal in the matter is filed.

30 (b) The clerk of the court in which a person has had that has jurisdiction over a term of 31 conditional probation or a conviction described in subsection (a) of this section imposed pursuant 32 to §17C-5-2b of this code, or is convicted for an offense described in §17C-5-2 of this code or for 33 an offense described in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense 34 described in said section shall forward to the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles a 35 transcript the order imposing conditional probation or of the judgment of conviction and any 36 related transcripts. If the conviction is the judgment of a magistrate court, the magistrate court 37 clerk shall forward the order and any related transcript when the person convicted has not 38 requested an filed a notice of appeal within 20 days of the sentencing for such conviction. If the 39 term of conditional probation is the act of a magistrate court, the magistrate court clerk shall 40 forward the order and any related transcript when the order imposing the term of conditional 41 probation is entered. If the conviction is the judgment of a mayor or police court judge or municipal 42 court judge, the clerk or recorder shall forward the order and any related transcript when the 43 person convicted has not perfected an filed a notice of appeal within 10 days from and after the 44 date upon which the sentence is imposed. If the conviction is the judgment of a circuit court, the 45 circuit clerk shall forward the transcript when the person convicted has not filed a notice of intent 46 to file a petition for appeal or writ of error within 30 days after the judgment was entered.

47 (c) If, upon examination of the transcript of the judgment of conviction or imposition of a
48 term of conditional probation pursuant to §17C-5-2b of this code the Commissioner determines
49 that the person was convicted for an offense described in §17C-5-2 of this code or had a period
50 of conditional probation imposed pursuant to §17C-5-2b of this code, or for an offense described
51 in a municipal ordinance which has the same elements as an offense described in said section

52 because the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled 53 substances or drugs, or the combined influence of alcohol or controlled substances or drugs, or 54 did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of eight 55 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight Upon receipt of an order of the court, as described 56 in subsection (b) of this section, the commissioner shall make and enter an order revoking or 57 suspending the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state as required by §17C-5-2, 58 §17C-5-2b, or §17C-5-7a of this code. If the commissioner determines that the person was 59 convicted of driving a motor vehicle while under the age of 21 years with an alcohol concentration 60 in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than eight 61 hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall make and enter an order 62 suspending the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. The order of the 63 commissioner, revoking or suspending the license, shall contain the reasons for the revocation or 64 suspension and the statutorily mandated revocation or suspension periods provided for in said 65 section period for the offense or the suspension period required as a condition of probation. 66 Further, the order shall give the procedures for requesting a hearing, which is to be held in 67 accordance with the provisions of said section. The person shall be advised in the order that 68 because of the receipt of a transcript of the judgment of conviction by the commissioner a 69 presumption exists that the person named in the transcript of the judgment of conviction is the 70 person named in the commissioner's order and such constitutes sufficient evidence to support 71 revocation or suspension and that the sole purpose for the hearing held under this section is for 72 the person requesting the hearing to present evidence that he or she is not the person named in 73 the transcript of the judgment of conviction. A copy of the order shall be forwarded to the person 74 by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. No revocation or suspension shall become

75 effective until ten days after receipt of a copy of the order

76 (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply if an order reinstating the operator's license of the person has been entered by the commissioner prior to the receipt of the transcript 77 78 of the judgment of conviction 79 (d) If a person receives an order of the commissioner suspending or revoking his or her license, as provided in subsection (c) of this section, and the person believes that he or she is not 80 81 the person named in the commissioner's order, the person may notify the commissioner of the 82 alleged error in writing. Upon receipt of this notification, the commissioner shall immediately 83 review the contents of the judgment of conviction and the information provided by the person in 84 guestion to determine whether or not the alleged error has been made. If the commissioner determines that the alleged error has been made, the commissioner shall: (1) Immediately reverse 85 86 the suspension or revocation made in error; and (2) take all necessary steps to correctly identify 87 the person who should have been named in the order and suspend or revoke the license of the 88 correctly identified person, as required by this section. 89 (e) For the purposes of this section, a person is convicted when the person enters a plea 90 of guilty or is found guilty by a court or jury. A plea of no contest does not constitute a conviction 91 for purposes of this section except where the person holds a commercial drivers license or 92 operates a commercial vehicle. §17C-5A-2b. Administrative hearing, revocation, and review process terminated on July 1,

<u>2020.</u>

- 1 <u>Notwithstanding any other provision of this code:</u>
- 2 (1) The provisions of §17C-5A-2 of this code apply only to proceedings arising from
- 3 offenses occurring on or before June 30, 2020; and

4 (2) The provisions of §17C-5A-2 of this code have no force or effect beginning on the date

5 when the Office of Administrative Hearings terminates, pursuant to §17C-5C-1a of this code.

§17C-5A-3. Safety and treatment program; reissuance of license.

1 (a) The Division of Motor Vehicles shall administer a comprehensive safety and treatment 2 program for persons whose licenses have been suspended or revoked under the provisions of 3 this article, or §17C-5-7 or §17B-3-5(6), §17C-5-2, §17C-5-2a, or §17C-5-7a of this code and shall 4 also establish the minimum qualifications for mental health facilities, day report centers, 5 community corrections centers, or other public agencies or private entities conducting the safety 6 and treatment program: Provided, That the Division of Motor Vehicles may establish standards 7 whereby the division will accept or approve participation by violators in another treatment program 8 which provides the same or substantially similar benefits as the safety and treatment program 9 established pursuant to this section.

10 (b) The program shall include, but not be limited to, treatment of alcoholism, <u>treatment of</u> 11 alcohol and drug abuse, psychological counseling, educational courses on the dangers of alcohol 12 and drugs as they relate to driving, defensive driving, or other safety driving instruction, and other 13 programs designed to properly educate, train, and rehabilitate the offender: *Provided*, That 14 successful compliance with the substance abuse and counseling program prescribed in 15 §61-11-26a of this code is sufficient to meet the requirements of this section.

(c) The Division of Motor Vehicles shall provide for the preparation of an educational and
treatment program for each person whose license has been revoked under the provisions of this
article, or §17C-5-7 or §17B-3-5(6), §17C-5-2, §17C-5-2a, or §17C-5-7a of this code, which shall
contain the following: (1) A listing and evaluation of the offender's prior traffic record; (2) the
characteristics and history of alcohol or drug use, if any; (3) his or her amenability to rehabilitation
through the alcohol safety program; and (4) a recommendation as to treatment or rehabilitation

and the terms and conditions of the treatment or rehabilitation. The program shall be prepared by
persons knowledgeable in the diagnosis of alcohol or drug abuse and treatment.

(d) There is hereby created A special revenue account is created within the State
Treasury, known as the Division of Motor Vehicles Safety and Treatment Fund. The account shall
be administered by The Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall manage and expend
moneys from the account for the purpose of administering the comprehensive safety and
treatment program established by subsection (a) of this section. The moneys in the account may
be invested and all earnings and interest accruing shall be retained in the account. The Auditor
shall conduct an audit of the fund account at least every three fiscal years.

Effective July 1, 2019, all moneys held in the Department of Health and Human Resources
 Safety and Treatment Fund shall be transferred to the Division of Motor Vehicles Safety and
 Treatment Fund.

(e) (1) The program provider shall collect the established fee from each participant upon
 enrollment unless the division has determined that the participant is an indigent based upon
 criteria established pursuant to legislative rule authorized in this section.

(2) If the division determined that a participant is an indigent based upon criteria established pursuant to the legislative rule authorized by this section, the department shall provide the applicant participant with proof of its determination regarding indigency, which proof the applicant participant shall present to the interlock provider as part of the application process provided in §17C-5A-3a of this code and/or and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto.

42 (3) Program providers shall remit to the Division of Motor Vehicles a portion of the fee
43 collected, which shall be deposited by the Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles into
44 the Division of Motor Vehicles Safety and Treatment Fund. The Division of Motor Vehicles shall
45 reimburse enrollment fees to program providers for each eligible indigent offender.

46 (f) On or before January 15 of each year, the Commissioner of the Division of Motor47 Vehicles shall report to the Legislature on:

48 (1) The total number of offenders participating in the safety and treatment program during49 the prior year;

50 (2) The total number of indigent offenders participating in the safety and treatment 51 program during the prior year;

52 (3) The total number of program providers during the prior year; and

53 (4) The total amount of reimbursements paid to program providers during the prior year.

(g) The Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles, after giving due consideration to
the program developed for the offender, shall prescribe the necessary terms and conditions for
the reissuance of the license to operate a motor vehicle in this state revoked under this article, or
§17C-5-7 or §17B-3-5(6), <u>§17C-5-2, §17C-5-2a, or §17C-5-7a</u> of this code which shall include
successful completion of the educational, treatment, or rehabilitation program, subject to the
following:

60 (1) When the period of revocation is six months, the license to operate a motor vehicle in 61 this state may not be reissued until: (A) At least 90 days have elapsed from the date of the initial 62 revocation, during which time the revocation was actually in effect; (B) the offender has 63 successfully completed the program; (C) all costs of the program and administration have been 64 paid; and (D) all <u>court</u> costs assessed as a result of a revocation hearing criminal proceedings 65 have been paid.

66 (2) When the period of revocation is for a period of one year or for more than a year, the 67 license to operate a motor vehicle in this state may not be reissued until: (A) At least one half of 68 the time period has elapsed from the date of the initial revocation, during which time the revocation 69 was actually in effect; (B) the offender has successfully completed the program; (C) all costs of 70 the program and administration have been paid; and (D) all <u>court</u> costs assessed as a result of a

71 revocation hearing <u>criminal proceedings</u> have been paid. Notwithstanding any provision in this
72 code, a person whose license is revoked for refusing to take a chemical test as required by
73 <u>§17C-5-7 §17C-5-4</u> of this code for a first offense is not eligible to reduce the revocation period
74 by completing the safety and treatment program.

(3) When the period of revocation is for life, the license to operate a motor vehicle in this state may not be reissued until: (A) At least 10 years have elapsed from the date of the initial revocation, during which time the revocation was actually in effect; (B) the offender has successfully completed the program; (C) all costs of the program and administration have been paid; and (D) all <u>court</u> costs assessed as a result of a revocation hearing <u>criminal proceeding</u> have been paid.

(4) Notwithstanding any provision of this code or any rule, any mental health facilities or
other public agencies or private entities conducting the safety and treatment program, when
certifying that a person has successfully completed a safety and treatment program, shall only
have to certify that the person has successfully completed the program.

(h) (1) The Division of Motor Vehicles shall provide for the preparation of an educational
 program for each person whose license has been suspended for 60 days pursuant to the
 provisions of §17C-5A-2(n) §17C-5-2(j) of this code. The educational program shall consist of not
 less than 12 nor more than 18 hours of actual classroom time.

(2) When a 60-day period of suspension has been ordered, the license to operate a motor
vehicle may not be reinstated until: (A) At least 60 days have elapsed from the date of the initial
suspension, during which time the suspension was in effect; (B) the offender has successfully
completed the educational program; (C) all costs of the program and administration have been
paid; and (D) all costs assessed as a result of a suspension hearing have been paid.

94 (i) A required component of the treatment program provided in As a component of the
 95 programs required by subsection (b) of this section and the education program provided for in

96 subsection (c) subsections (b) and (c) of this section, shall be participation by the violator with a 97 the offender shall attend a victim impact panel program. Providing The victim impact panel 98 program must provide a forum for victims of alcohol and drug-related offenses and offenders to 99 share first-hand experiences on the impact of alcohol and drug-related offenses in their lives. The 100 Division of Motor Vehicles shall propose and implement a plan for victim impact panels where 101 appropriate numbers of victims are available and willing to participate and shall establish 102 auidelines for other innovative programs which may be substituted where the victims are not 103 available to assist persons whose licenses have been suspended or revoked for alcohol and 104 drug-related offenses to gain a full understanding of the severity of their offenses in terms of the 105 impact of the offenses on victims and offenders participate in an impact panel. The plan shall 106 require, at a minimum, discussion and consideration of the following: 107 (1) Economic losses suffered by victims or and offenders; (2) Death or physical injuries suffered by victims or and offenders; 108 109 (3) Psychological injuries suffered by victims or and offenders; 110 (4) Changes in the personal welfare or familial relationships of victims or and offenders; 111 and 112 (5) Other information relating to the impact of alcohol and drug-related offenses upon 113 victims or and offenders. 114 The Division of Motor Vehicles shall ensure that any meetings between victims and 115 offenders shall be nonconfrontational and ensure the physical safety of the persons involved. 116 (i)(1) The Commissioner of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate propose a rule 117 for legislative approval in accordance with §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to administer the 118 provisions of this section and establish a fee to be collected from each offender enrolled in the 119 safety and treatment program. The rule shall include: (A) A reimbursement mechanism to program 120 providers of required fees for the safety and treatment program for indigent offenders, criteria for

determining eligibility of indigent offenders, and any necessary application forms; and (B) program
standards that encompass provider criteria including minimum professional training requirements
for providers, curriculum approval, minimum course length requirements, and other items that
may be necessary to properly implement the provisions of this section.

(2) The Legislature finds that an emergency exists and, therefore, the commissioner shall
 file by July 1, 2019, an emergency rule to implement this section pursuant to the provisions of
 §29A-3-15 of this code.

(k) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit <u>A</u> day report or community
 corrections programs program, authorized pursuant to §62-11C-1 *et seq*. of this code, from
 administering a may provide the comprehensive safety and treatment program pursuant to this
 section.

ARTICLE 5C. OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS.

§17C-5C-1a. Termination of Office of Administrative Hearings; transfer of jurisdiction.

1 (a) The Office of Administrative Hearings shall retain jurisdiction over appeals described 2 in §17C-5C-3(3) of this code arising from offenses occurring on or before June 30, 2020. The 3 Office of Administrative Hearings has no jurisdiction over appeals described in said subdivision 4 arising from offenses occurring on or after July 1, 2020. 5 (b) Beginning on July 1, 2020, jurisdiction over appeals described in §17C-5C-3 of this 6 code, except for those described in §17C-5C-3(3) of this code, shall be transferred to the circuit 7 court for the circuit in which the event giving rise to the contested decision of the Commissioner 8 of the Division of Motor Vehicles occurred. 9 (c) The Office of Administrative Hearings shall, in an orderly and efficient manner, dispose of all matters pending before it, subject to the following: 10 11 (1) If any appeal of a revocation or suspension order, described in §17C-5C-3(3) of this 12 code, is pending before the office on or after July 1, 2021, the underlying revocation or suspension

13 order shall be dismissed.

- 14 (2) If any appeal described in §17C-5C-3 of this code, except for an appeal described in
- 15 §17C-5C-3(3) of this code, is pending before the Office of Administrative Hearings on or after July
- 16 <u>1, 2021, the appeal shall be transferred to the circuit court described in subsection (b) of this</u>
- 17 section. For any appeal transferred pursuant to this subdivision, the circuit court shall adopt any
- 18 existing records of evidence and proceedings in the Office of Administrative Hearings, conduct
- 19 <u>further proceedings as it considers necessary, and issue a final decision or otherwise dispose of</u>
- 20 the case pursuant to the provisions governing the judicial review of contested administrative cases
- 21 in §29A-5-1 et seq. of this code.
- 22 (d) Upon resolution of all matters pending before the Office of Administrative Hearings or
- 23 on July 1, 2021, whichever occurs earlier, the Office of Administrative Hearings shall be
- 24 terminated.
- 25 (e) The Secretary of the Department of Transportation may establish interim policies and
- 26 procedures to aid in the orderly and efficient process during the disposition of remaining cases
- 27 before the Office of Administrative Hearings during the phase-out period until termination.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to revise procedures for drivers' license suspensions and revocations for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.